

A

Present simple

Form	statement	negative	question
	I/you/we/they play ... He/she/it plays ...	I/you/we/they do not (don't) play ... He/she/it does not (doesn't) play ...	Do I/you/we/they play ...? Does he/she/it play ...?
Use	Example		
	Present habits	Marsha goes to dance lessons every Saturday.	Helpful hints The present simple is often used with the following words and phrases: adverbs • always • usually • often • sometimes • rarely • never phrases • every Monday/week/etc • each Monday/week/etc • once/twice a week/month/etc • three times a week/month/etc Remember that these adverbs usually go before the verb, but after the verb be. • I often play football with my friends. • I am often late for my piano lessons.
	Permanent situations	Does Dan work at the cinema?	
	States	I like the new James Bond film.	
	General truths	You play chess with 32 pieces.	
	Watch out! The verbs <i>be</i> and <i>have</i> have irregular present forms. See page 182.		

B

Present continuous

Form	statement	negative	question
	I am ('m) playing ... He/she/it is ('s) playing ... You/we/they are ('re) playing ...	I am not ('m not) playing ... He/she/it is not (isn't / 's not) playing ... You/we/they are not (aren't / 're not) playing ...	Am I playing ...? Is he/she/it playing ...? Are you/we/they playing ...?
Use	Example		
	Actions happening now	Jan is watching a DVD upstairs.	Helpful hints The present continuous is often used with the following words and phrases: • now • right now • at the moment • today • this week/month/etc
	Temporary situations	She is working at the museum until the end of the month.	
Annoying habits (usually with <i>always</i>)	My brother is always borrowing my CDs without asking!		

C

Stative verbs

Form	Stative verbs do not usually describe actions. They describe states (feelings, thoughts, etc). They are not normally used in continuous tenses. ✓ I like reading books in my free time. x I am liking reading books in my free time.	Some common stative verbs: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>appear</td> <td>include</td> <td>see</td> </tr> <tr> <td>be</td> <td>know</td> <td>seem</td> </tr> <tr> <td>believe</td> <td>like</td> <td>taste</td> </tr> <tr> <td>belong to</td> <td>love</td> <td>think</td> </tr> <tr> <td>hate</td> <td>need</td> <td>understand</td> </tr> <tr> <td>have</td> <td>prefer</td> <td>want</td> </tr> </table>	appear	include	see	be	know	seem	believe	like	taste	belong to	love	think	hate	need	understand	have	prefer	want
	appear	include	see																	
be	know	seem																		
believe	like	taste																		
belong to	love	think																		
hate	need	understand																		
have	prefer	want																		
	Watch out! Some of these verbs (such as <i>be</i> , <i>have</i> and <i>think</i>) are used in continuous tenses when they describe actions. ✓ What do you think about his new song? ✓ I'm thinking about last night's match.																			

S

A Look at the pictures of Helen and use the prompts to write sentences. Use the correct form of the present simple.



1 every day / get up / at half past seven



2 once a week / watch a film at the cinema



3 often / eat fast food for lunch



4 rarely / go to the gym



5 in the evening / usually / meet her friends for coffee



6 have a driving lesson / twice a week

1 Every day, Helen gets up at half past seven.

2

3

4

5

6

with

usually go to be. friends. lessons.

...? trying ...?

in used phrases: moment etc

B Complete using the correct present continuous form of the verbs in brackets. You may have to use some negative forms.

- Gordon? I think he (write) a letter at the moment.
- Yes, the match is on TV now, but we (lose).
- Right now, Margaret (have) a shower. Do you want to ring later?
- Sally (stay) with her aunt for a few days.
- I (lie)! It's true! I did see Madonna at the supermarket.
- Josh (always / use) my bike! It's so annoying.
- We (have) lunch, but I can come round and help you later.
- (you / play) music up there? It's really noisy!

C Rewrite correctly. Change the words or phrases in bold.

- Are top musicians studying** for many years?
- What's going on? I hope you **don't touch** my things!
- It's a small business, so each person **is doing** lots of different jobs.
- Does Christine listen** to the radio, or is that the TV I can hear?
- I **am usually buying** a special ticket each week for the bus because it's cheaper.
- Our washing machine **is starting** when you press this button.
- How's the match going? **Does our team win?**
- Many people **are enjoying** spending time on the beach on holiday.

D Circle the correct word or phrase.

- 1 I **work** / **am working** at the local library for the summer.
- 2 We **don't go** / **aren't going** to the theatre very often.
- 3 Stacy **gets** / **is getting** ready for school, so she can't come to the phone.
- 4 **Does Gary ever talk** / **Is Gary ever talking** about his expedition to the Amazon jungle?
- 5 In squash, you **hit** / **are hitting** a ball against a wall.
- 6 I **read** / **am reading** a newspaper at least once a week.
- 7 **Do you practise** / **Are you practising** the piano for two hours every day?
- 8 Nadine and Claire **do** / **are doing** quite well at school at the moment.
- 9 A good friend **knows** / **is knowing** when you're upset about something.
- 10 How **do you spell** / **are you spelling** your name?

E Complete using the correct present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in the box. You may have to use some negative forms.

belong • do • have • help • hold • move • use • watch

- 1 In Monopoly, you around the board, buying houses and hotels.
- 2 you this programme or can I turn the TV off?
- 3 Regular exercise you to stay healthy.
- 4 I my brother's guitar until I get a new one.
- 5 Simon always the washing-up after lunch?
- 6 you any sweaters in a larger size?
- 7 You the kite right. Let me show you.
- 8 Dad to the local astronomy club.

F Underline ten verbs in the wrong tense and rewrite them correctly.

'One game I am loving is backgammon. You are throwing the dice and then you move your pieces around the board. It is seeming quite easy, but in fact you are needing to be quite careful. When your piece lands on one of the other person's pieces, you are taking it off the board and you send it back to the beginning. You are winning by getting all your pieces to the end and off the board. Some people are preferring chess, but I am not understanding that game. Right now, I wait to have a game with my brother. He does his homework. I usually win, so I think he doesn't want to play a game with me!'

- | | | |
|---------|---------|----------|
| 1 | 4 | 7 |
| 2 | 5 | 8 |
| 3 | 6 | 9 |
| | | 10 |