

past continuous

Aby powiedzieć, że jakaś czynność trwała w danym momencie w przeszłości, użyj czasu **past continuous**, np.:

At 8 pm yesterday, I **was reading** a book.
My parents **were watching** TV.

Aby utworzyć zdanie w czasie **past continuous**, użyj **was** lub **were** oraz czasownika z końcówką **-ing**.

At 8 pm yesterday, ...

I **was** wait ___ for a train.

You **were** fly ___ to Rome.

He ___ run ___ in the park.

She ___ go ___ to the disco.

It ___ rain ___.

We ___ play ___ volleyball.

You ___ hav ___ dinner
in a restaurant.

They ___ travel ___ by coach.



1 Uzupełnij zdania właściwą formą **past continuous** czasowników z ramki.

teach visit have watch walk

SUMMER CAMP – DAY 2

- At 9 am yesterday, Ben _____ breakfast.
- At 11 am, Ben and John _____ in the forest.
- At 2 pm, Ben and his brother _____ a museum.
- At 4 pm, Tanya _____ them how to climb rocks.
- At 9 pm, all the teenagers _____ a film on DVD.



Aby utworzyć zdanie przeczące w czasie **past continuous**, dodaj **not** do czasowników **was** i **were**, np.:

I **wasn't sleeping** at 2 am last night.

They **weren't waiting** for me at the station.

She _____ stay ___ at a hotel.

We _____ travel ___ by bus.

2 Napisz zdania twierdzące (v) lub przeczące (x) w czasie **past continuous**. Wykorzystaj podane wyrazy.

1 they / travel / by bus / . (x)

2 she / visit / an art gallery / . (v)

3 he / wait / for a taxi / . (x)

Aby utworzyć pytanie w czasie **past continuous**, zamień miejscami czasowniki **was/were** i podmiot zdania, np.:

I **was visiting** the castle. →

Were you visiting the castle?

Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

She was taking some photos.

_____ taking any photos?

Yes, _____. / No, _____.

3 Napisz pytania w czasie **past continuous**, wykorzystując podane w nawiasach wyrazy. Dopisz krótkie odpowiedzi.

1 _____ (you / do) your homework at 8 pm?
No, _____.

2 _____ (he / play) tennis at 5 pm yesterday?
Yes, _____.

3 _____ (they / sail) on the lake all yesterday morning? Yes, _____.

4 _____ (it / snow) all day? No, _____.

4 Uzupełnij pytania. Wpisz **was** lub **were**. Odpowiedz na pytania.

Last weekend ...

- What _____ you doing at 9 am on Saturday? _____
- What _____ your friends doing at 7 pm on Saturday? _____
- What _____ your best friend doing at 3 pm on Sunday? _____

past simple / past continuous

Uzupełnij reguły gramatyczne nazwami czasów: *past simple* i *past continuous*.

Użyj czasu _____, aby opisać czynność, która została wykonana w przeszłości, np.:

- I **had** lunch at a restaurant yesterday.
- We **visited** a museum yesterday.
- They **bought** a lot of souvenirs at the market yesterday morning.

He _____ on the lake yesterday afternoon.
She _____ to New York yesterday.

Użyj czasu _____, aby opisać czynność, która trwała w danym momencie w przeszłości, np.:

- At 12:30 pm, I **was having** lunch at a restaurant yesterday.
- At 4 pm, he **was sailing** on the lake.
- At 11 am, she **was flying** to New York.

At 2 pm, we _____ a museum.
At 10 am, they _____ souvenirs at the market.

1 Zakreśl właściwą formę czasownika.

- I **didn't hear** / **wasn't hearing** my phone because I was watching TV.
- It was very quiet because everyone **slept** / **was sleeping**.
- We were tired so we **stopped** / **were stopping** to have lunch.
- She was packing her bag very quickly and she **didn't take** / **wasn't taking** out her passport.
- I saw my friends at the station. They **waited** / **were waiting** for a train, too.

2 Uzupełnij pytania. Wpisz: *did*, *was* lub *were*. Dopisz krótkie odpowiedzi.

- I _____ you go to the seaside last summer? Yes, we _____.
- _____ she sleeping on the train? No, she _____.
- _____ he send you a postcard from Greece? No, he _____.
- _____ they waiting for you at the airport? Yes, they _____.



while / when

W zdaniach złożonych użyj czasu *past simple* po spójniku *when* oraz czasu *past continuous* po spójniku *while*, np.:

- I was writing a text message **when** the bus arrived. =
- The bus arrived **while** I was writing a text message.

It started snowing _____ they were driving home. =
They were driving home _____ it started snowing.

3 Uzupełnij zdania właściwą formą czasowników podanych w nawiasach.

- We _____ (saw) a bear while we _____ (walk) in the forest.
- We _____ (lie) on the beach when it _____ (start) raining.
- I _____ (take) a lot of photos while I _____ (visit) the castle.
- She _____ (buy) souvenirs at the market when the man _____ (steal) her money.

SPRAWDŹ SIĘ

4 Uzupełnij tekst wyrazami i wyrażeniami podanymi w ramce.

were climbing didn't leave came was raining happened spent lost hurt while wasn't

Hi Alice,
What are you doing? I (1) _____ back from holiday with my family last night. We (2) _____ a few days in the mountains. Unfortunately, it (3) _____ the best trip of my life because some bad things (4) _____ to us while we were there. On the first day, my brother (5) _____ his mobile phone (6) _____ we were walking in the forest. The next day was really boring! We (7) _____ the hotel because it (8) _____ very hard all the time. And on the last day, my mum (9) _____ her arm while we (10) _____ some rocks. I'm really happy to be back home 😊. What about you?

Write back soon,
Jenny

Punkty ____ / 10

Rozdziały 1-8: ____ / 80