



Language Diary



1 Pamiętam, że w języku angielskim...

- *have to* (musieć) lub *has to* (w 3 os. l. poj.) używamy, gdy mówimy o naszych obowiązkach, np.: *I **have to** tidy my room every day.* i istniejących zasadach, np.: *We **have to** study two languages at school.*
- przeczenia z *have to* tworzymy, stawiając *don't* i *doesn't* (w 3 os. l. poj.) przed *have to*, np.: *He **doesn't have to** get up early.*
- pytania z *have to* tworzymy, stawiając *do* lub *does* (w 3 os. l. poj.) przed podmiotem, np.: ***Do I have to** go there?*

2 Umiem przetłumaczyć na język angielski zdania:

- 1 Musimy zostawić kurtki w szatni.
.....
- 2 Szczęściara z niej! Ona nie musi płacić za bilety.
.....
- 3 Dlaczego musisz wstawać tak wcześnie?
.....

Vocabulary

1 Match.

- 1 Mark's dad bought him a computer. ☒ f
 - 2 I can't find my money! I think I left it at home! ☐
 - 3 I can go with you to the cinema tonight! ☐
 - 4 We can't be late. Hurry up! ☐
 - 5 Look at that Alpha Romeo car! ☐
 - 6 I want to be thinner. I'm not going to have any dinner today. ☐
- a You're crazy!
b Yes, it's amazing!
c Oh, you're hopeless!
d You're so bossy!
e Brilliant!
f Lucky him!

2 Complete. Use the words in the box.

visit camera queue model
arrange cloakroom

- 1 This camera takes wonderful photographs.
- 2 Rob and his dad made a of the new Alpha Romeo car.
- 3 The Londoners enjoyed their to Madame Tussaud's Museum last week.
- 4 You can put your coats and bags in the
- 5 My friends want to a trip to France.
- 6 The Londoners didn't to go into Madame Tussaud's Museum because they had tickets.



Grammar

- 3 Complete. Use the correct form of **have to** and a verb in the box.

take meet work pay queue get up

- We have to take a bus to school.
- Madame Tussaud's Museum is very popular so you always for tickets.
- Rob his friends very early tomorrow.
- We (not) for the cloakroom. It's free.
- Her mum on Saturdays.
- I (not) early at weekends.

- 4 Write the questions and answers about the Londoners. Use **have to**.

	Kim	Mark	Rob	Vicki
take a bus to school	✓	✓	X	X
clean his / her bedroom	✓	✓	X	✓
take the dog for a walk	X	X	✓	X
help in the garden	✓	✓	✓	X

- Who / take a bus to school
Who has to take a bus to school?
Kim and Mark have to take a bus to school.
- Who / not clean his (her) bedroom
..... ?
.....
- Who / take the dog for a walk
..... ?
.....
- Who / help in the garden
..... ?
.....
- Who / not help in the garden
..... ?
.....

- 5 Answer the questions.

- Do you have to take a bus to school?
Yes, I do. / No, I don't.....
- Do you have to go to bed early at weekends?
.....
- Does your best friend have to help with the housework?
.....
- Do your parents sometimes have to go to your school?
.....
- Do you have to clean your bedroom every day?
.....
- Do you have to study every day?
.....

Use your English

- 6 Circle the correct answer – a, b or c.

Mark Rob, do you want to go to the Science Museum with me on Sunday? It's my birthday!

Rob Oh, yes, I ¹..... ! Good idea. Do we ²..... get there early to buy the tickets?

Mark No, it's free on Sundays so we ³..... buy tickets.

Rob Brilliant! Do we ⁴..... to take a bus there?

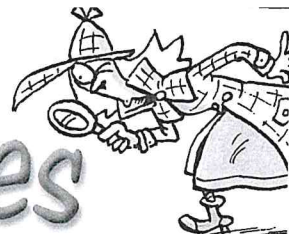
Mark No, we can walk or take our bikes.

Rob Good, because I ⁵..... got any money.

Mark ⁶..... hopeless, Rob. What happened to all your money?

Rob I bought a birthday present for you!

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|
| 1 a want | b do | c am |
| 2 a have | b have to | c has to |
| 3 a haven't to | b not | c don't |
| | have to | have to |
| 4 a have | b had | c has |
| 5 a haven't | b don't | c not |
| 6 a Your | b You're | c You |



Language Diary



1 Pamiętam, że w języku angielskim...

- *will* używamy, gdy przewidujemy przyszłość na podstawie własnych opinii lub gdy wiemy, co ma się zdarzyć, np.: *He will win the next match.*,
- przeczenia tworzymy, stawiając *won't* (= *will not*) przed czasownikiem, np.: *I won't go to school tomorrow.*,
- pytania tworzymy, stawiając *will* przed podmiotem, np.: *Will Clueless marry Holmes?*,
- forma *will* i *won't* jest taka sama dla wszystkich osób liczby pojedynczej i mnogiej.

2 Umiem przetłumaczyć na język angielski zdania:

1 Czy ona będzie w przyszłości sławną artystką?

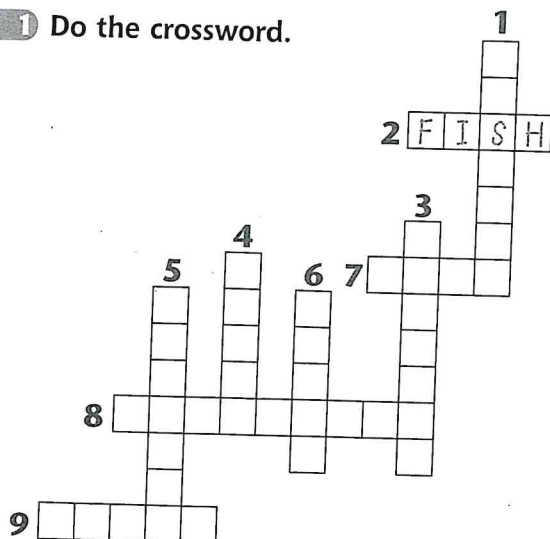
2 Myślę, że jej brat będzie dobrym lekarzem.

3 Nie będziesz bogaty, ale będziesz szczęśliwy.

4 Będziemy mieć dużo pracy w przyszłym roku.

Vocabulary

1 Do the crossword.



Across:

- 2 He caught a big in the river near his house.
 7 It's raining and I haven't got a coat. I think I'm going to catch a
 8 My brother loves the sea and he wants to be a
 9 My dad is a very good detective. He caught a dangerous yesterday.

Down:

- 1 My father is my mother's
 3 The teller told me my future.
 4 She bought a of flowers for her mother.
 5 I don't her because she often doesn't tell the truth.
 6 He asked his girlfriend to him.

Grammar

- 2 Read. Then write the questions and answers for Olga (Leo) and Peter (Gemini).

Leo

You'll be very lucky this year.

You'll have very good marks at school and you'll meet a handsome boy. You will travel a lot and make a lot of new friends. You won't be rich but you'll live a long and interesting life.

Gemini

You are clever and many people will like you. Be careful! You won't always be lucky. You'll live in many countries and you'll be poor sometimes. You'll marry a famous person and have two children. Your children will be very rich.

- 1 Olga / have a good year
Will Olga have a good year?
Yes, she will.
- 2 Olga / be a good pupil this year
- 3 Olga / have a lot of money
- 4 Olga / travel a lot
- 5 how many children / Peter / have
- 6 many people / like / Peter
- 7 Peter / live in one country
- 8 who / Peter / marry

- 3 Complete.
Use the correct form of *will* and the verbs in brackets.



- Madame Rosa** You (have) 1. *will have* a long and happy life. Your wife (love) 2. you very much.
- Clueless** (be) 3. she a doctor?
- Madame Rosa** No, she won't. She (be) 4. a detective.
- Clueless** Where (live) 5. we ?
- Madame Rosa** I don't know. But you (not live) 6. in England.
- Clueless** And today? What (do) 7. I today?
- Madame Rosa** You (give) 8. an old lady lots of money. That's £20 please!

Use your English

- 4 Choose the correct replies. There are two extra replies.

Mrs Smith

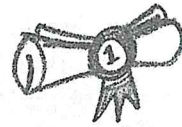
- 1 I don't usually believe in these things. Can you really tell me about the future? ☒ d
- 2 OK, let's see. What will I do tomorrow? ☐
- 3 Oh, you're right! And next week? ☐
- 4 That's true, too. Will the detectives like it? ☐
- 5 You're wrong. They always like my cakes! ☐

Madame Rosa

- a You will clean a big house tomorrow.
- b Yes, you will.
- c No, they won't.
- d Of course I can!
- e Next week you will make a wonderful cake.
- f No, you won't.
- g No, they don't. That's £20 please.



Language Diary



1 Pamiętam, że w języku angielskim...

- niektóre przymiotniki łączą się z konkretnym przyimkiem. W zdaniach przed tymi przymiotnikami występuje czasownik *to be* we właściwej formie, natomiast po tych wyrażeniach występuje rzeczownik lub czasownik z końcówką *-ing*,
- niektóre wyrażenia typu *przymiotnik + przyimek* nie dają się dosłownie przetłumaczyć na język polski, np.: *I'm very interested in Greece.* (Bardzo **interesuję się** Grecją.), *I'm very keen on swimming.* (Bardzo **lubię** pływanie.)

2 Umiem przetłumaczyć na język angielski zdania:

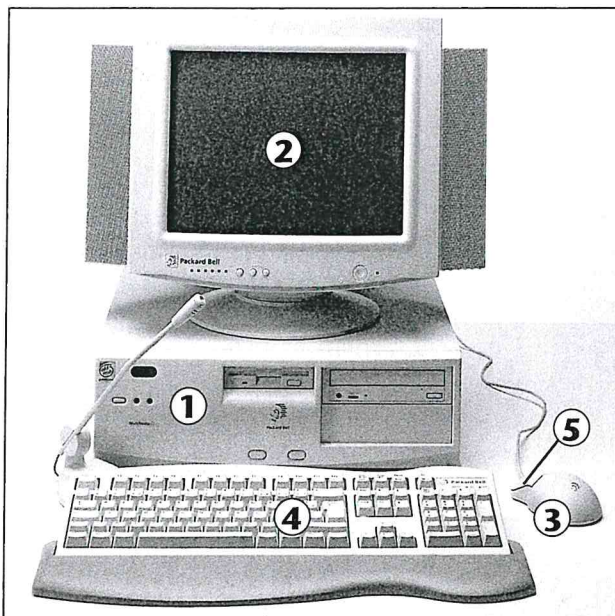
1 On jest znudzony grami komputerowymi.

2 Czym się interesujesz?

3 Ona szaleje na punkcie sportu.

Vocabulary

1 Label the picture.



- 1 computer... 3 5
2 4

2 Put the letters in the correct order.

Boy Look, this computer has got a really big ecersn
1..screen...

Girl Yes, and the mouse has got three tsontub 2..... on it.

Boy That's right! Let's nectcon
3..... to the Internet.
Now, cckil 4..... on that button.

Girl Oh, there's the *Friends'*
stiebew 5..... on the screen. Let's write an miale
6..... to the *Friends'*
Magazine.

Boy Great idea!



Grammar

3 Match.

- 1 My mum's very interested ☒ d
- 2 My grandfather is crazy ☐
- 3 My friends and I are bad ☐
- 4 My best friend isn't very fond ☐
- 5 I'm bored ☐
- 6 I'm not very keen ☐

- a about cooking.
b on Mondays.
c of doing homework.
d in playing football.
e with TV.
f at getting up.

4 Complete. Use the words in the box. There is one extra word.

~~bored~~ crazy fond good
interested keen



Friends' Magazine Readers' Page

Are you 1...~~bored~~... with your hobbies?
Are you 2..... on finding out
about different places and new interests?
Are you 3..... of meeting new
people? Are you 4..... in learning
about other countries? Maybe you're
5..... about something and you'd
like to find people with the same
interest. Write to us and you will meet
new friends from around the world!


5 Make sentences (guess!).

- 1 I think David Beckham is keen on.....
rap music.....
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

- 1 David Beckham is at high places.
crazy
- 2 Daniel is on rap music.
Craig good
- 3 Kylie isn't of cars.
Minogue very fond
- 4 Adam isn't about flying.
Małysz keen
- 5 Britney is making clothes.
Spears keen on

Use your English

6 Complete. Write ONE word in each gap.

New	
Outbox	
From	Sandro Russo
To	FM
Subject	Computers
Hi,	
I'm from Curitiba in Brazil and I 1.....	
thirteen. I was very interested 2.....	
Friends' Magazine this week. I'm crazy	
3..... computers. I use a computer	
every day 4..... school, and	
5..... the evenings I play computer	
games and surf the net.	
I'd like to meet 6..... new friends from	
round the world, so I'm sending you some	
photos 7..... me and my school.	
Please write 8..... me!	
Sandro	
	



Language Diary



1 Pamiętam, że w języku angielskim...

- pytania tworzymy, przedstawiając kolejność wyrazów, np.: **Is there a problem?**, stawiając czasownik *to be* przed podmiotem, np.: **Is he a teacher?** lub stosując odpowiednie dla danego czasu czasowniki posiłkowe, np.: **Did the spaceship crash?**,
- pytania, które nie są poprzedzone zaimkiem pytającym nazywamy pytaniami ogólnymi (Yes/No questions) i możemy na nie udzielić krótkich odpowiedzi, np.: **Did the spaceship crash?** – Yes, it **did**. / No, it **didn't**.
- pytania, które rozpoczynają się od zaimków pytających (*Who, What, Where, When, Why, How*) nazywamy pytaniami szczegółowymi i udzielamy na nie konkretnych odpowiedzi, np.: **When did the story happen?** – The story happened **in 3089**.

2 Umiem przetłumaczyć na język angielski zdania:

- 1 Gdzie zobaczyliście tę kometę?
.....
- 2 Kiedy turyści będą podróżować w kosmos?
.....
- 3 Ilu astronautów było w statku kosmicznym?
.....

Vocabulary

1 Match.

- 1 The spaceship travelled to Mars.
- 2 It took off for Earth.
- 3 It disappeared from the screen.
- 4 It lost contact with the space station.
- 5 It crashed into the planet.
- 6 It arrived at the space station.

e

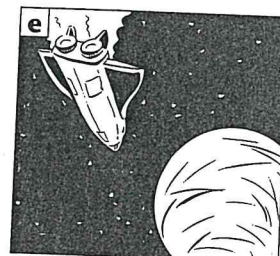
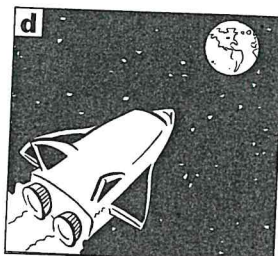
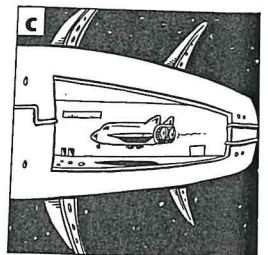
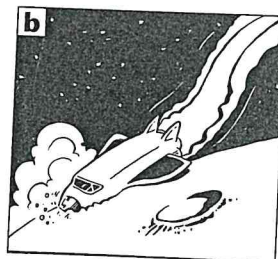
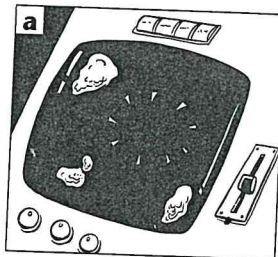
□

□

□

□

□



2 Complete. Use the words in the box.

astronaut stars planet spaceship
space comet

I like reading stories about 1. space... travel and I'm crazy about looking at the 2. in the night sky. Sometimes I see a 3., with a long bright tail. I want to be an 4. and travel in space in a 5. I want to go to Mars, my favourite 6.

Grammar

3 Complete. Use the words in the box.

How many What Where
Which Who Whose

- 1 'Which... planet is that?' 'It's Mars.'
- 2 '..... are we going?' 'We're going to Earth.'
- 3 '.....'s the problem?' 'The controls aren't working.'
- 4 '..... spaceship is that?' 'It's Joe's.'
- 5 '.....'s Joe? 'He's the captain.'
- 6 '..... astronauts are in the spaceship?' 'Two.'

4 Complete. Write short answers.

- Joe** Did you lose contact with Spaceship Zeus?
- Commander** Yes, 1. we did. But we don't know why.
- Joe** Did Spaceship Zeus crash?
- Commander** No, 2. It disappeared.
- Joe** Were there only two people in the spaceship?
- Commander** Yes, 3.
- Dan** Are we going to take off tomorrow?
- Joe** Yes, 4. – at six o'clock in the morning.
- Dan** Is the commander going to send other spaceships to Mars?
- Joe** No, 5.
- Dan** Will they have information about Spaceship Zeus on Mars?
- Joe** Yes, 6. I'm sure.

5 Write the questions.

- 1 The commander is talking to Joe and Dan now.
Who is talking to Joe and Dan now?
- 2 Spaceship Zeus took off for Mars last week.
.....
- 3 Dan and Joe are going to fly to Mars tomorrow.
.....
- 4 Dan and Joe will try to find Spaceship Zeus.
.....
- 5 A hundred astronauts work at the Earth space station.
.....
- 6 Dan shouted because he saw a bright light.
.....
- 7 This is Joe and Dan's spaceship.
.....

Use your English

6 Choose the correct replies. There are two extra replies.

Joe

- 1 What's the problem? ☒ c
- 2 Are the controls working? ☐
- 3 Where are we now? ☐
- 4 Did Spaceship Zeus disappear near Mars? ☐
- 5 What are we going to do? ☐

Dan

- a I think we're near Mars.
- b Yes, we are.
- c We lost contact with Earth five minutes ago.
- d It's near Mars.
- e Yes, it did.
- f No, they aren't.
- g We must go back to Earth.



Skills Corner 4

Reading

1 Read the emails and circle the correct subjects.

1

New	
Outbox	
To	Subject
From: Elena	
Subject: a London	
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> b The Natural History Museum
	c Dinosaurs

Hi,
Last year I went on holiday to London and I visited the Natural History Museum a lot. I'm not usually very keen on museums but I loved it. There were models of dinosaurs there and they were the size of real dinosaurs! Our hotel was near the museum and I spent most afternoons there. Do you like going to museums?
Elena

2

New	
Outbox	
To	Subject
From: Hasan	
Subject: a Basketball	
	b English lessons
	c My school

Hello!
I go to a high school called Anatolian Lycee. It's a big school in the centre of Istanbul and I have to go there by bus. We have English lessons every day and we have to study other subjects in English. I'm good at English but my favourite subject is Maths. I also like sport. Next year I'll be in the school basketball team. Please tell me about your school.
Hasan

3

New	
Outbox	
To	Subject
From: Hugo	
Subject: a Tourist school	
	b Languages
	c Future plans

Hi,
I'm going to leave school next year and then I will go to a Tourist School. It will be fun to work with tourists because I'm keen on meeting new people. Also I want to travel to other countries because I'm good at languages. Then I think I'll work in a hotel or I'll open a restaurant. What do you want to do in the future?
Hugo

2 Read the notes about Pierre. Who is the best email friend for him: Elena, Hasan or Hugo? Why?



- goes to school in France
- interested in History / languages / learning about the world
- likes travelling and visiting different places
- very fond of animals / has got a dog

Writing

3 Write an email from Pierre to his new email friend in your notebook.

New	
Outbox	
To	Subject
To:	
From: Pierre	
Subject:	
Hi, I was very interested in your email	

4 Choose the best email friend for you. Write an email to him / her in your notebook.

New	
Outbox	
To	Subject
To:	
From:	
Subject:	
Hi, My name's ... and I'm from	



Check Yourself

Units 13 - 16

Vocabulary

1 Put the words in the correct groups.

~~website~~ comet bossy hopeless
disappear amazing fisherman
arrive believe husband crazy

nouns	adjectives	verbs
website		

5

2 Complete. Use the words in the box.

~~cloakroom~~ queue emails bunch
space cold

- 0 Let's put our coats in the cloakroom.
- 1 In the future people will travel in for their holidays.
- 2 There was a long for tickets.
- 3 My mum bought a big of flowers at the market.
- 4 I was out in the rain for two hours and I caught a
- 5 She's got a new computer and can send to her friends around the world.

5

Grammar

3 Complete. Use the correct form of **have to**.

- 0 She has to clean her room on Fridays.
- 1 You (not) believe her story.
- 2 I stay at home with my baby brother tonight.
- 3 you shout? I can't hear the television.
- 4 He (not) get up early on Sundays.
- 5 They (not) help in the house every day.

5

4 Complete. Use the correct form of **will** and the verbs in the box.

~~go out~~ send rain marry
arrive lose

- 0 I (not) won't go out tonight.
- 1 When they in London?
- 2 She an email tomorrow.
- 3 It (not) tomorrow. Let's have a picnic.
- 4 I a famous person?
- 5 You never contact with real friends.

10

5 Complete. Use the correct prepositions.

- 0 She's very keen on animals.
- 1 He's very fond his new bike.
- 2 They're crazy sweets.
- 3 He's bored his hobby.
- 4 Helen isn't very good swimming.
- 5 George isn't interested history.

5

6 Write the questions.

- 0 Whose ticket is it?
It's my ticket.
- 1 ?
Kate will marry John next year.
- 2 ?
His dad's writing an email.
- 3 ?
The spaceship is going to crash into the Moon.
- 4 ?
He laughed because his friend didn't catch any fish.
- 5 ?
There were two hundred people in the queue.

10

Vocabulary

10

Grammar

30

Total

40